Part I consists of 6 questions. Clearly write your answer (only) in the space provided after each question. You do not need to show your work for this part of the test. No partial credit is awarded for this part of the test!

Each question is worth 5 points.

**Question 1**

Differentiate the function $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 1$.

Answer: 

**Question 2**

For what value of $x$ does the parabola $y = x^2 + 2x$ have a horizontal tangent?

Answer: 

Question 3

Suppose \( g(x) = f(x) \cos x \) where \( f(0) = 3 \) and \( f'(0) = -1 \). Find the numerical value of \( g'(0) \).

Answer: .....................

Question 4

If \( f(2) = 0, \ f'(2) = 2, \ g(2) = 2, \) and \( g'(2) = 0 \). Find the number 
\[
\left( \frac{f}{g} \right)'(2).
\]

Answer: .....................

Question 5

Let \( h(x) = g(f(x)) \) where \( f'(1) = -2, \ f(1) = 3, \) and \( g'(3) = 5 \). Use the Chain Rule to find the numerical value of \( h'(1) \).

Answer: .....................

Question 6

If \( y = x + x^2 \) and \( \frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \), find \( \frac{dy}{dt} \) when \( x = 0 \).

Answer: .....................
PART II

Each problem is worth 14 points.

Part II consists of 5 problems. You must show your work on this part of the test to get full credit. Displaying only the final answer (even if correct) without the relevant steps will not get full credit.

Problem 1

(a) Differentiate the function
\[ h(t) = (t - 1)^7(t + 1)^8. \]
(Simplify your answer!)

(b) Differentiate the function
\[ y = \frac{1 + \sin x}{x + \cos x}. \]
(Simplify your answer!)
Problem 2

(a) Find the derivative of the function

\[ G(x) = \left( \frac{x^2}{x+1} \right)^5. \]

(Simplify your answer!)

(b) Find the derivative of the function

\[ y = \sin (\tan \sqrt{x}). \]
Problem 3

(a) Use implicit differentiation to find an equation of the tangent line to the curve

\[ x^2 + xy + y^2 = 1 \]

at the point \((-1, 1)\).

(b) Find \(dy/dx\) by implicit differentiation when it is known that

\[ y \sin(x^2) = x \sin(y^2). \]
Problem 4

For what (numerical) values of $a$ and $b$ is the line $4x + y = b$ tangent to the parabola $y = ax^2$ when $x = 2$?
Problem 5

A particle moves along the curve \( y = \sqrt{9 + x^2} \). As it reaches the point (4, 5), the \( y \)-coordinate is increasing at a rate of 4 m/s. How fast is the \( x \)-coordinate of the point changing at that instant?