

# U.S. CIVIL WAR MEDICINE

Treasures May 2012

## Answer Key

### HORIZONTAL:

1. Most serious battlefield wounds were caused by this small arms ammo. **Minnie Ball**
4. This quasi-official organization employed thousands of women in the Union to provide food, clothing and medicines. **Sanitary Commission**
5. Nurse from Mobile who described her Confederate service in an 1866 journal. **Kate Cumming**
7. The largest Confederate Hospital. **Chimborazo**
8. The US government manufactured drugs during the war in this city. **Philadelphia**
9. The last name of who instituted field hospitals, first-aid stations and an ambulance corps for the Union Medical Department. **Letterman**
10. Last name of author who wrote *A Manual of Military Surgery for the Use of Surgeons in the Confederate States Army*. **Chisolm**
12. This serious postsurgical infection involving wounds and amputated stumps was often fatal. **Gangrene**
15. The ubiquitous pain killer of the Civil War. **Opium**
16. Last name of Kentucky physician accused of secretly attempting to infect the North with yellow fever. **Blackburn**
17. Last name of Confederate veteran who invented Coca-Cola. **Pemberton**
18. Tuscaloosa native who was Medical Director for the Army of Northern Virginia. **Lafayette Guild**
19. This drug was so over prescribed that the US Surgeon General banned it from the Supply Table in Circular no. 6. **Calomel**
20. Pharmacy services were provided by this noncommissioned officer. **Hospital Steward**
22. The leading cause of death for Union and Confederate soldiers. **Dysentery**
24. This critical medicine helped prevent and resolve cases of malaria. **Quinine**

### VERTICAL:

1. These “eruptive fevers” could devastate any army camp. **Measles**
2. The Union’s leading nurse who later established the American Red Cross. **Clara Barton**
3. The namesake of the mental hospital in Tuscaloosa who authored an 1862 letter now in the UAB Archives. **Bryce**
6. The Alabama Museum of the Health Sciences owns one of these 88-pound army-issued medicine chests. **Pannier**
7. This was the preferred anesthetic agent during the Civil War. **Chloroform**
11. First name of surgeon who attended Stonewall Jackson at the deathbed. **Hunter**
13. The Civil War Collection in the Reynolds Historical Library is named after this UAB faculty member. **Arnold G. Diethelm**
14. Last name of major medicines supplier for the Union Army whose anesthetic agents came from his Brooklyn, NY laboratory. **Squibb**
21. Last name of Surgeon General who instituted sweeping reforms in the Medical Department. **Hammond**
23. Last name of author who compiled *Resources of the Southern Fields and Forests* as a guide to reliable drug substitutes. **Porcher**