

## Simulation Articles – April/May 2015

1. **Playing doctor: Simulation in medical school as affective practice -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26022187>  
*This article explores pedagogical models when using ESP's in simulated gynecologic procedural teaching and how this shapes the empathy of medical students during school*
2. **The PsycheSimCentre: Teaching out-of-hours psychiatry to non-psychiatrists -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26016890>  
*This study showed an increased level of confidence in trainees when looking at high-risk psychiatry patients.*
3. **The evolution of cognitive load theory and its application to medical education -** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26016429>  
*This article dives into Cognitive Load Theory and breaks it into 3 distinct dimensions: task fidelity, task complexity, and instructional support.*
4. **Gearing up for milestones in surgery: Will surgery play a role? -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26013987>  
*This article talks about how surgery education is utilizing simulation more and more for resident performance assessment within the context of the “milestones” of the ACGME.*
5. **Expanding simulation-based education through institution-wide initiatives: A blueprint for success -** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26013982>  
*This article discusses the 5 key areas for incorporating simulation into surgical curriculum and training.*
6. **A comparison of teaching modalities and fidelity levels in teaching resuscitation scenarios -** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26002536>  
*This study showed video-based and simulation-based instruction of ACLS was superior to didactic-based instruction. It also showed no difference in learning outcomes between low or high fidelity scenarios for novice learners.*
7. **Are nursing students appropriate partners for the interdisciplinary training of surgery residents? -** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26002533>  
*Interesting study showing that nursing students like training with surgery residents, but surgery residents prefer experienced nurses.*

8. **Enhancing the effectiveness of team debriefings in medical simulation: more best practices** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25977127>  
*Nice article describing the 13 best practices for debriefing to support learning for all team members.*
9. **Impact of crisis resource management simulation-based training for interprofessional and interdisciplinary teams: a systematic review** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25973615>  
*This article discusses the effectiveness of simulation-based crisis resource management training for interprofessional and interdisciplinary teams.*
10. **Systematic review of coaching to enhance surgeon's operative performance** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25956742>  
*This systematic review showed surgical coaching having a positive impact on junior learners, both for technical and non-technical skills*
11. **Evaluation of a simulation training program for geriatric medicine** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25953500>  
*This study demonstrated feasibility of a standardized simulation training program for geriatrics.*
12. **Introducing teamwork challenges in simulation using game cards** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25932705>  
*This study evaluated using game cards to introduce challenges in teamwork and communication during simulations*
13. **A simulation curriculum for management of trauma and surgical critical care patients** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25921186>  
*This study describes the steps to implementing a multi-modal simulation-based curriculum for surgical residency for managing trauma and critical care patients.*
14. **Simulation improves non-technical skills performance of residents during the perioperative and intraoperative phases of surgery** - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25911460>  
*This study showed that simulation-based training is an effective technique for improving nontechnical skills of surgical residents.*

15. **Briefing and debriefing during simulation-based training and beyond: content, structure, and attitude, and setting -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25902470>  
*This article discusses steps to minimize risks associated with debriefing*
16. **Educational science meets simulation -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25902461>  
*This article highlights the important educational benefits of simulation*
17. **Students' perceived benefits of pre-clinical simulation based training (PSBT) on enhancing patient safety and clinical learning outcomes -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25890680>  
*This study found that implementing pre-clinical based simulation training improved confidence in patient safety skills.*
18. **Tips for the use of simulation to maintain competency in performing high-risk/low-frequency procedures -**  
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25856449>  
*This article discusses the benefits of using simulation for training competencies in high-risk/low-frequency procedures.*