

FALL 2008 — MA 227-7 B — TEST 2

Name: _____

1. PART I

There are 6 problems in Part 1, each worth 4 points. Place your answer on the line to the right of the question. Only your answer on the answer line will be graded.

- (1) Find the directional derivative in direction $v = \langle 1, 2 \rangle$ of the function $f(x, y) = xy^2$ at the point $(1, 1)$.

- (2) Find the gradient of the function $f(x, y) = 2y/x$.

- (3) Find the linearization $L(x, y)$ of $f(x, y) = 2xy^2 - 7$ at the point $(1, 2)$.

- (4) What is the direction of steepest ascent of the function $h(x, y) = xy$ at the point $P(2, 1)$?

- (5) The gradient of a function f is given by $\nabla f = \langle y - 2x^2, 4 - 2y \rangle$. Find all the critical points of f .

(6) Find the tangent plane to the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ at the point $(0, 1, 0)$.

2. PART II

There are 3 problems in Part 2, each worth 12 points. On Part 2 problems partial credit is awarded where appropriate. Your solution must include enough detail to justify any conclusions you reach in answering the question.

- (1) Find the points on the ellipsoid $x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 15$ where the tangent plane is parallel to the plane $x - 2y + 6z = 7$.

- (2) Use Lagrange multipliers to find the minimal and maximal values of $f(x, y) = 8x + 6y$ on the ellipse $2x^2 + 3y^2 = 22$. Where do they occur?

- (3) Find and classify all critical points of the function $f(x, y) = 3x^2y + y^3 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2$.