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Kinomics Background

Kinomics is the study of kinase signaling within cellular or tissue lysates. Kinomics can help elucidate cellular signaling pathways altered by treatment (i.e. drug or condition change), or for comparison of different phenotypes (i.e. proliferative vs. nonproliferative). Our PamStation Kinomic Array platform measures the phosphorylation of up to 196 tyrosine or 144 serine/threonine kinase substrates that are imprinted on PamChip microarrays. Kinetic and steady state changes in individual peptide phosphorylation are imaged with FITC-phosphospecific antibodies, and signal is computer quantified in BioNavigator. Lists of altered peptides are then exported and analyzed for probable upstream kinases with tools such as Kinexus Phosphonet, as well as advanced Pathway Analysis and Network Modeling using GeneGo MetaCore.

What Can It Tell Me?

Altered Peptides Raw Data Peptide Sequence CFTR_761_773 LQARRRQSVLNLM F263_454_466 |NPLMRRNSVTPLA FOXO3_25_37 QSRPRSCTWPLQR Time

Kinomic Toolbox: Online QC



O'NEAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CENTER **L H E THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM**

What Can Kinomics Do?

Identify Kinase Signatures associated with phenotype, genotype, etc.



Identify Kinase Targets for intervention and molecular signaling.





Identify Kinase Responses post treatment and compensatory signaling.







www.kinomecore.com

How Does It Work?



Example Findings

Drug X likely **targets** EGFR, SRC family signaling.

Gene X knockout cells have altered Erk response.

Drug Y induces JAK/STAT pathway signaling in resistant cells.

Drug Z resistant kinomic **signatures**, can be used to prospectively classify new tumors as resistant/sensitive.

PRICING PTK (Tyrosine Kinome Analysis) UAB: \$1200 (4 samples) External: \$1350 STK (Serine/Threonine Kinome) UAB: \$1700 (4 samples) External: \$1900

Please contact us for experimental design optimization.



