ALMOST ONE-HALF OF RESPONDING STUDENTS INDICATED THAT THEY HAD NOT RECEIVED TRAINING ABOUT SEXUAL MISCONDUCT. ONE-THIRD OF STUDENTS INDICATE GAPS IN THEIR UNDERSTANDING ABOUT POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND RESOURCES REGARDING SEXUAL ASSAULT

FINDING 5
Attendance at Training

• About **40%** of student respondents indicated they had **not** attended any workshops or training that covered the definition of sexual assault, the definition of consent and how to obtain consent from a partner, UAB’s policies regarding sexual assault, how to report sexual assault, how to intervene as a witness, and resources available for survivors.

• Underclassmen were most likely to have attended (about 80%) and graduate students were least likely to have attended (about 40%)
Understanding and awareness of policies, procedures and supports

• About 30% of students disagreed or strongly disagreed that they understand UAB’s policies and procedures for addressing sexual assault, know what resources and support are available for people who are assaulted, and know how to seek help and support if someone they know were sexually assaulted.

• The rates of disagreement were about 40% for graduate students and about 15% for underclassmen.
Differences in perceptions about training and prevention efforts

• Over 90% of underclassmen agreed or strongly agreed that UAB educates student about sexual assault, but only 70% of graduate students responded the same.

• 81% of heterosexual students agreed or strongly agreed that UAB educates students about sexual assault, but only about 70% of students identifying as not heterosexual or other sexual orientation responded the same

• 90% of males, 82% of females and only 58% of students identifying as “gender queer or other” agreed that UAB does everything it can to prevent sexual assault.

• 76% of students identifying as heterosexual agreed that UAB does everything it can to prevent sexual assault, but only about 64% of students identifying as not heterosexual or other sexual orientation responded the same